DIGITAL MARKETING

Welcome to the course!

Among every \$100 Hongkongers spend on retailing, how many dollars are spent online?



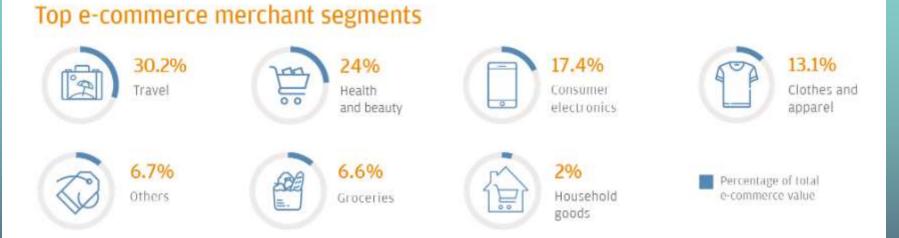
Online sales account for just 6.3 percent of Hong Kong's total retail sales (source: May 2023, Census and Statistics Department).

This is pretty low (mainland China: 27.2%; world average: 19% by 2022).



Which products (or services) do Hongkongers purchase online?





Source: J.P. Morgan 2019 Payments Trends – Global Insights Report: Data has been provided to J.P. Morgan Merchant Services by Edgar, Dunn & Company via HKTDC Research & Statista.



What are the richest companies in the world?



What are the richest companies in the world in 2010?



What are the richest companies in the world in 2000?



Largest Companies by Market Cap

In US Dollars

2012	2
	Apple 490,125,547,884
MB	ExxonMobil 395,595,359,129
8.00	PetroChinar 265,847,432,073
	BHP Billion 242,276,240,884
R	XBC 235,758,060,422
823	China Mobile 230,841,307,224
	Walmart 226,254,261,932
	Microsoft 224,258,936,265
And and a state of the state of	Royal Dutch Shell 223,852,129,483
:0:	Samsung 219,661,197,701
0	100,000,000,000 200,000,000 300,000,000 400,000,000

Rank of companies by market cap:

1	Ś	Apple	\$2.878 T	\$184.12	- 2.18%	~~~	🛋 USA
2		Microsoft	\$2,440 T	\$328.41	- 1.46%	m	USA 📲
з	~	Saudi Aramco	\$2.200 T	\$9.10	= 1,30%		📟 S. Arabia
:4	G	Alphabet (Google)	\$1.702 T	\$135.49	+ 2.81%		III USA
5	a	Amazon	\$1.391 T	\$134.91	- 1.33%	m	USA 🔤
6	0	NVIDIA	\$1.204 T	\$487.84	- 4.16%	mm	🔳 USA
7	T	Tesla	\$816.28 8	\$257.18	- 7.69%	~~~~	III USA
8	B	Berkshire Hathaway	\$781.40 8	\$358.29	- 0.77%	-	IUSA
9	∞	Meta Platforms (Facebook)	\$766.77.8	\$297.99	- 2.66%	m	USA
10	L	Eli Lilly	\$525.81 8	\$553.90	- 0.00%		USA USA

Which company is the biggest opponent of HSBC?





It's the Internet finance industry! But why?



What's this product?



It is a phone cradle!

But why do people purchase it?





Matthew Brennan @mbrennanchina · May 14, 2019

 \checkmark

Chinese phone cradle for boosting your phone's daily step count. Some insurance companies in China allow people who consistently reach a certain daily step count to get discounted health insurance premiums.

66



Lê Nguyên Hoang (Science4All) @le_science4all · May 14, 2019 Replying to @mbrennanchina Aka adversarial poisoning attack on data-driven algorithms...

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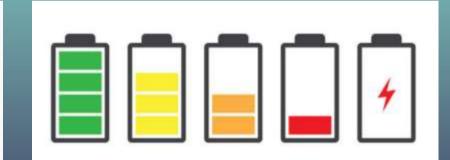


Graeme Douglas 😔 @graemedouglas · May 14, 2019 Replying to @mbrennanchina and @BBHLabs Not just China - Vitality does this in the U.K.

97

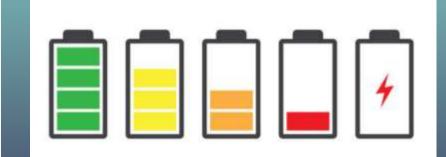
Uber collects data on your smartphone battery. But why?





Uber charges you higher prices when your battery is low, because it knows you cannot afford to wait!





Many retailers offer free Wi-Fi to their shoppers. But why?





When you connect to a retailer's free Wi-Fi, the retailer will be able to monitor your entire browsing history: Did you search the same product online? What's your real time geographic location?



How many couples meet their partners online?

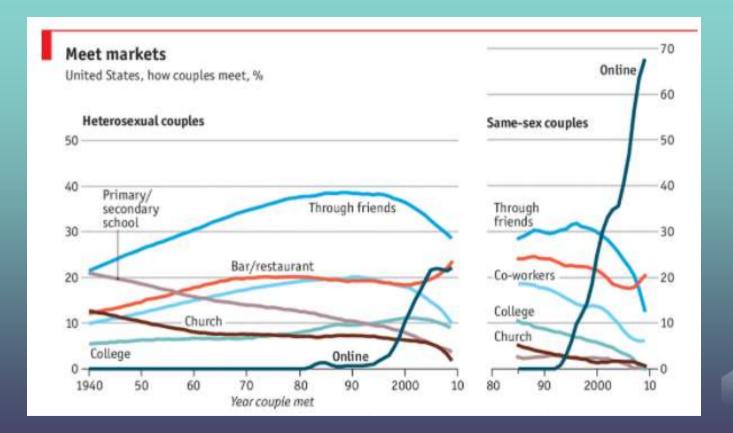


According to a Stanford University research project, by 2017, 39 percent of heterosexual couples reported meeting their partner online.

For homosexual couples, the rate is more than 70% now!



How couples met	1995, %	2017, %	Z score	Significance
Online	2	39	23.43	***
Through friends	33	20	-4.55	***
Through family	15	7	-8.47	***
Through or as				
coworkers	19	11	-5.16	***
In a bar or				
restaurant	19	27	2.38	*
In primary or				
secondary school	10	5	-6.62	***
In church	7	4	-2.52	*
Through or as				
neighbors	8	3	-4.54	***
In college	9	4	-1.17	



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On average, how much time does a Hong Kong youth spend on their smartphones?



The consulting firm TNS said the average millennial aged 16 to 30 in the city spends 2.8 hours a day on their mobile devices.

In mainland China, that is 3.9 hours. In Japan, the number is 1.6 hours.



Avg. Use Per Day

2:51_{Hrs} (171 Mins) per day



The average time spend on smartphones is 2hrs 51mins a day The average time spend on smartphones AND tablets is 4hrs 33mins a day



18-29 Year Old Interactions

22%

check their phone every few minutes out of smartphone owners surveyed

51%

check their phone a few times per hour out of smartphone owners surveyed

Social Interactions

1:16_{Hrs} (76 Mins) per day

The average user spends 1hr 16mins a day on the top 5 social media apps **2,617** Daily taps, clicks swipes

The average user will tap, swipe, click their phone 2,617 times a day

I finally realized it. People are **prisoners** of their phones, that's why they are called **cell** phones.

piril Science

0-0-0-0-

What is the world's most downloaded APP?



Арр	Downloads (mm)
TikTok	672
Instagram	548
Facebook	449
WhatsApp	424
CapCut	357
Snapchat	330
Telegram	310

The Internet is changing our lives

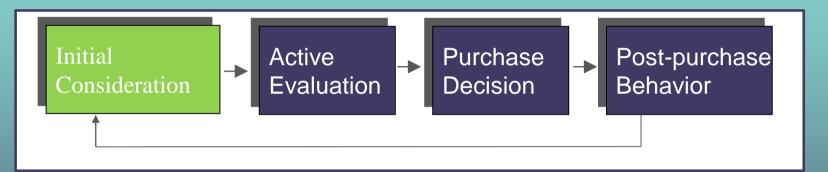




How does Internet affect purchasing decisions?



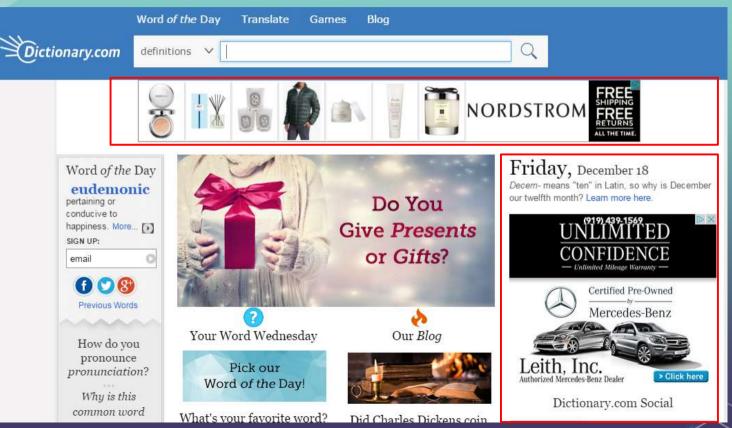
Consumer buying decision



By consumer By traditional media such as TV ads How does digital media help?



Via Targeted Online/Mobile Ads



Via Influencers

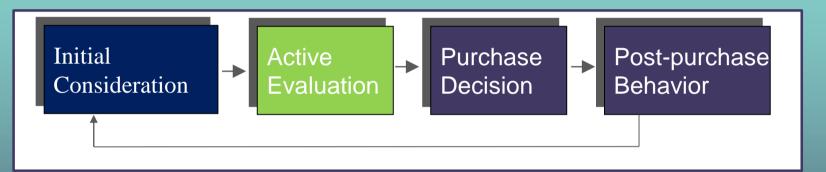


julietteee_@_manue___ canon

view all 293 comments

iamxoxoasia @sincerelyjules u have o

Consumer buying decision



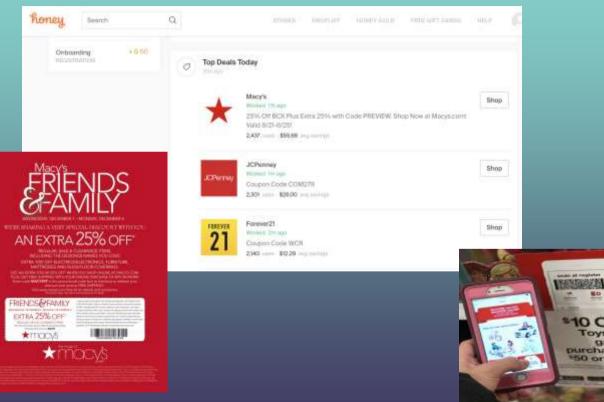
How is search done in the offline world? Call/visit stores/friends Problems? Asymmetric information and high search cost

How does Internet/digital facilitate information search?

Low-Cost Search by Search Engines

Prices are unlikely to decrease within 7 days ①	Cheapest \$147 • 1h 35m	Best		
Track prices OFF	📥 D E L T A	\$162 Delta		
Fee Assistant ()	Cheapest	\$162 nonstop delta.com Sponsored	() Rating: 9	View Deal
Checked bag		- 7:10 am nonsta Airlines	1.5	■× =0 \$147 Hacker Fare
Stops Nonstop \$147	1:40 pm United Ai	— 3:15 pm nonste lines	ewr - RDU	Basic Economy View Deal
✓ 1 stop \$154			-	passan and a community

Coupons can be found more easily



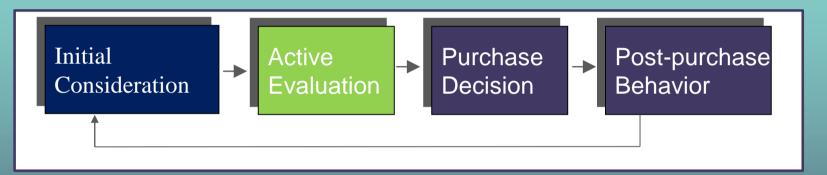
Now in the @ app. \$10 OFF \$25 OFF Toys and **Toys and** games games purchase of purchase of 50 or more 100 or more

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Get the coupon.

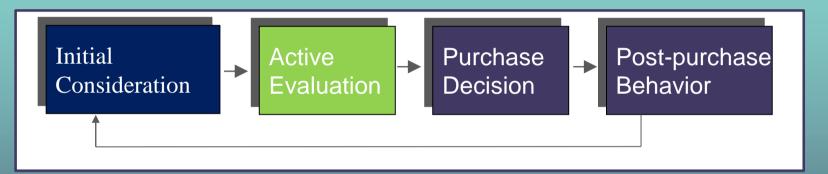
Consumer buying decision



Implications of reduced search cost to firms? More price competition Less loyalty

How can manufacturers and retailers fight against price competition? Increase product differentiation, even just perceived Increase switching cost (e.g., loyalty program)

Consumer buying decision



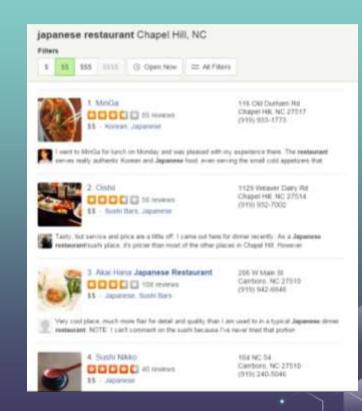
Evaluate alternatives in consideration set Is the product performing as claimed? Are there any unobservable attributes? Does this product match my preference?

How does Internet & digital media facilitate evaluation?

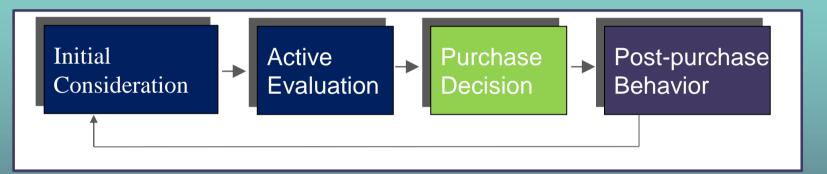
User Generated Content

Which Japanese restaurant will you visit? Why?

Rating vs. Volume



Consumer buying decision



Purchase at an online store, offline store, or through a mobile app



Showrooming

The practice of examining products in a store and then buying it online for a lower price.

Top categories affected by showrooming? Electronics & Appliances Books & Music Clothing & Shoes Furniture & Home



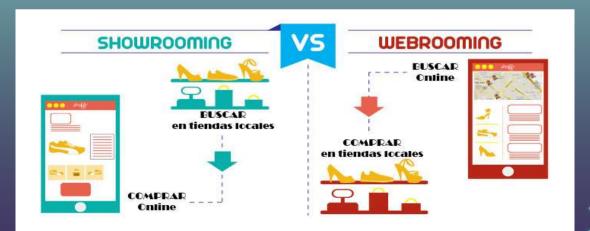
60% in 2013 -> 35% in 2018. Why?

Increasing online presence for traditional retailers Offer price matching Digital friendly in-store environment (e.g. e-payment, digital coupons) Flexible return policy



Rise of webrooming

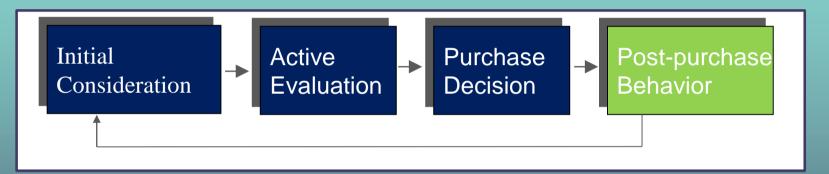
Webrooming refers to the process of researching products online and then visiting a store to make a purchase Webrooming more common than showrooming (46% vs. 35% in 2018) Millennials prefer webrooming



Mobile Grocery Shopping



Consumer buying decision



What does Internet & digital media add?

WOM generation
Positive ones can be used as promotional content
Negative ones can be used as useful feedbacks
Behavior-based recommendation
Customer purchase history becomes a piece of "Big Data"

Key Takeaways

How has Internet/digital changed the way we shop? Changes in search costs

Results in larger product assortment and lower prices Implications to firms: focus on product differentiation, raising switch cost

Changes in availability and use of data

Allows firms to deliver more targeted messages Allows users more easily to provide feedback (new data) to improve product/service Allows users to be affected by others' choices

Changes in role of geographic proximity

Reduces the cost of communication with others Encourages the use of multiple channels in shopping process Offline context still matters in each stage of customer journey



What is digital marketing?

"Digital Marketing is the use of Internet connected devices and electronic media to engage a customer."

Search advertising Display advertising Social media marketing

. . .



What is this course about?

Overview of digital technology + Underlying Business/Marketing concepts

Aim is not mastery of all the topics, but to give an overview of most important topics

The list of topics covered in this course can be found in the syllabus.



Who should take this course?

Undergraduate students

Learn the basics of Digital Marketing Learn the basics of data analytics Already have a background in basic marketing /advertising





This is a course that covers cases and examples without solid techniques.

False: You need to learn different algorithms, concepts, and methodologies throughout the course.



True or False?

I am already an expert in HKTV Mall, Google, YouTube, Twitter, Instagram etc. There is no need for me to take this course.

False. I am not teaching you how to post on YouTube or how to order online. We are taking a quantitative approach to understand these online platforms.



True or False?

The course teaches me how to become a successful entrepreneur in the digital age.

Likely False: This course is more technical. You will learn how to collect and analyze data, how to promote your brands online, but not how to start your own company.





The course is very demanding. I will struggle with the course.

Partially true and partially false. There will be some workload for you, but I believe this is manageable for most of you.



This is not a course about...

Introduction to Marketing Web development or Web Design Public Relation/ Journalism e-Commerce Entrepreneurship class - build app/website, become a millionaire! A specialized course intended for one specific aspect Search Engine Marketing Social Media



This course adopts methodologies from



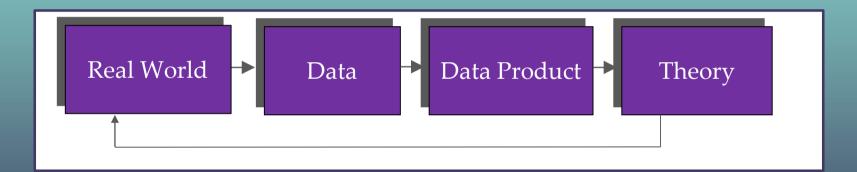
Leveraging your competitive advantage

Compared to traditional marketers, you know how to program and how to analyze data.

Compared to statisticians and computer scientists, you understand consumers better, and know how to apply results to business settings.

Compared to economists, you not only know the theory, but also know how to apply the theory to solve real-world marketing problems, and test the theory using real-world data.



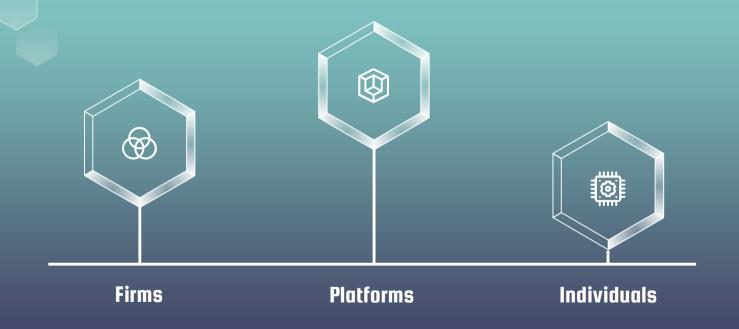


We emphasize on data, data, and data

"Talk is cheap, show me the data!"



We solve problems for



The Instructor

Xi Li, Professor of Marketing. KKL 836

PhD in Management, University of Toronto.M.Phil. in Operations Research, HKUST.B.E. in Computer Science, Tsinghua University.

Director, Asia Case Research Centre Associate Director, Institute of Digital Economy and Innovation *Research interests*: Algorithms, big data and online marketplaces.

Do I really want to take the course?

I don't know. It depends. But let me offer you some advice.

Take the course if

You are interested in data analysis, and you are considering to become to a data scientist in the future.

You want to understand how the digital marketing industry operates and evolves over time.

You want to explore rigorous research methodologies from different areas.

Don't take the course if

You hate data analysis or programming. You already know the materials to be covered in the class. You want to pick an easy course to fulfill your credit requirement.

Why should we study Digital Marketing?

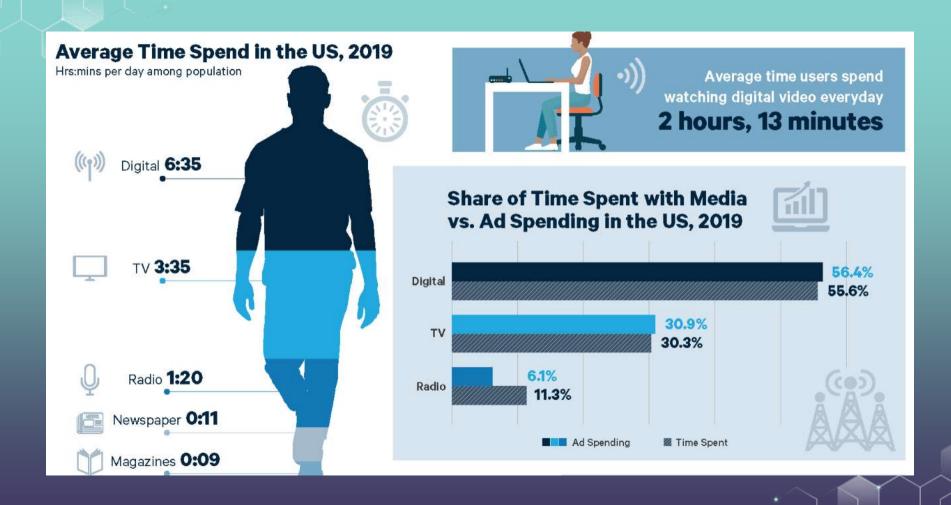


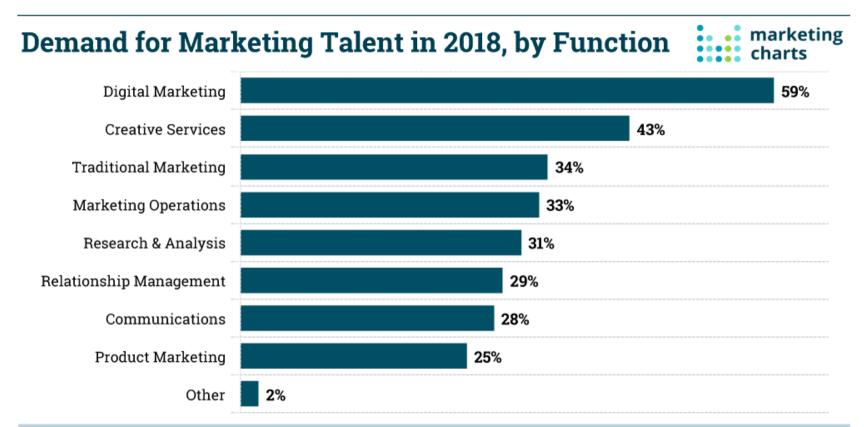
Why go digital?

Consumers are online, more than ever before!

Firm productivity can be significantly improved by digital technology and data analytics

Better promotion effectiveness via SEO and online advertising Better engagement between firms and customers via social media





Published on MarketingCharts.com in May 2018 | Data Source: McKinley Marketing Partners

Based on an October 2017 survey of 329 marketing professionals in the US from a mix of company types and sizes.

How is digital marketing different?

More targeted and context relevant

More use of personal devices rather than mass media

Use of social aspect and viral marketing

More measurability



Additional Course Information



Textbook? No.



https://ximarketing.github.io/_pages/teaching

Password: HKU



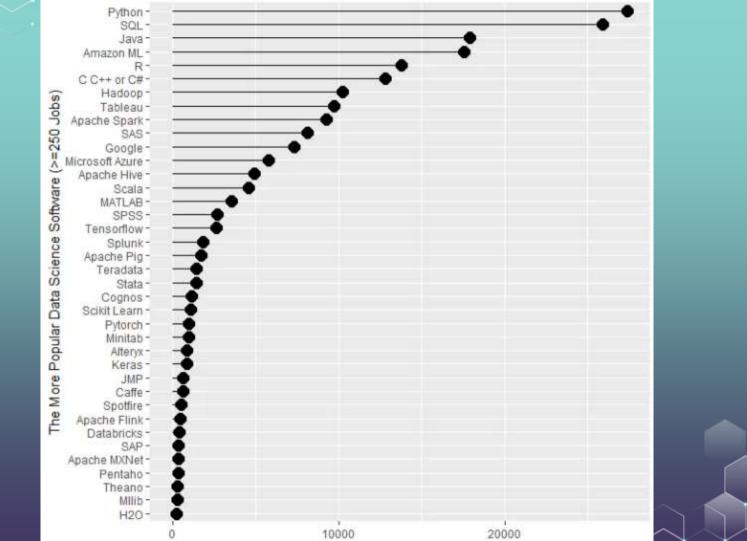
Course Overview

Data analytics with R.

You can use Excel or SPSS, but they are too simple and cannot handle complex data analysis projects.

R is a free software that is commonly used for statistical analysis.

It is not only useful for digital marketing, but also useful for other purposes such as machine learning and optimization.



Course Overview

Data visualization with Tableau.

Data visualization gives us a clear idea of what the information means by giving it visual context through maps or graphs.

When you want to show your results to others, the best way to use figures --- "A picture is worth a thousand words".



Tableau

United States California	United States Texas	United States Illinois	United States Ohio	United States Michigan	United States Virginia
	United States Washington	United State North Carolina	es United		
		United State Indiana	United States		
United States New York	United States Pennsylvania	United State Georgia	25		
	United States Florida	United State	15		
		United State	25		

Tableau



Web Scraping with R.

Data scraping allow you to scrawl information from websites, e.g., online marketplaces. For example, you can collect product information from HKTV Mall, weather information from Hong Kong observatory, and tweets from Twitter.

Warning: Do not expect that you can become an expert in data scraping within one class. This is simply an introduction, and you need more practice yourself.

This may be the only web scraping class in a business school (I don't know the answer, through).

We will see how to gather information from HKU faculty webpage:



Search Engine Optimization.

We all know that Google is the most popular search engine (and even the website) over the world.

We are going to address the following questions: (1) How does Google (and other search engines) work? (2) How to improve your page rank on Google, so that consumers can more easily find your website through searching?

Paid Search.

While SEO allows you to improve your page rank for free, you can also spend money to get more attentions from consumers.

We are going to address the following questions: (1) What is online advertising? (2) How does Google sell its search results through auctions? (3) How to buy paid ads? (4) How to develop you keywords list?

Display Advertising and Content Creation.

How to offer targeted ads based on user behavior? How are displayed ads bought and sold? How to design content? What is click fraud?



Social network and mobile marketing

We will discuss ways to take advantage of the social network to engage your users and amplify the influence of your brand.

We will introduce some measures of social networks and use R to process social network data.

We will also discuss some characteristics of mobile marketing.

Social media.

Setting guidelines and policies for your social media: make sure that you are using social media platforms in a correct way.

Managing social media campaigns using HootSuite.

Ways to engage your users through social media.

AB testing for social media optimization.



Social media (Continued).

Social listening: listening to your consumers on social media. Social listening is useful for brand monitoring, watching the competition.

Influencer marketing – amplifying your brand on social media.





Your grades will be determined by the following components:

Group-level data-analysis task: 15% No presentation; report needed Group-level research project: 25% Both in-class presentation and report required

In class participation: 10% Final examination: 50% (open book open notes, MC questions only)



Data Analysis

In this course, we are introducing a practice class on data analysis. This is one unique feature of our course.

You have already learned about R and Tableau. Perhaps you can also use many other tools such as SPSS, Excel, Python etc.

I will give you some real digital marketing data, and your goal is to study the data using the tools you know --- It's entirely up to you how you want to play with the data!

Data Analysis

You are going to work with your teammates on the data project. Then, each group will submit a report illustrating the findings from the data. It will be graded, and it affects your final grade.

We will start with the data analysis in the class, and you will finish all the analysis after the class.

The purpose of the data project is to help you understand the data analysis methodologies and gain a sense of real data that data scientists are analyzing everyday.

Overall Course Structure

We have 10 lectures for each class.

For class 1A, the Oct 2 and Oct 23 classes will be cancelled (public holiday).

For class 1B, our first two classes are already cancelled.



Overall Course Structure

We have 10 lectures over the entire semester. Among them, we are going to have

1 introduction class (today)
 1 data workshop
 7 regular lectures
 1 class for project presentation



Research Project

Good news: Because we already have the data analysis task, you do not need to collect or analyze data in your research project.

What you need to do: Choose a company and analyze the company's digital marketing strategy.

You are free to choose your own company, but make sure that the company is active in digital marketing (at least it should have social media accounts and its own website).

What you should focus on

Company website: Any issues? What can the company do to improve its website?

Social media (e.g., Facebook, Instagram, Twitter): Is the company managing its social media accounts? Any issues? What would you suggest the company?

Online sentiment: How people are discussing the company or its brands in online review platforms (e.g., TripAdvisor, Amazon)? What's wrong?

Suggested After-Class Workload

Group level:

Data Analysis Task: 6 hours (+ 3 hours in class exercise)

Research Project: 12 hours (No data analysis required).

Individual preparation for final: 6 hours

In sum: around 24 hours



More on course workload

It seems that the course has several components (data analysis, research project and final), in fact the workload is not that much:

In the past, we need to collect data and analyze the data in the research project, but now you do not need to do so. Moreover, I will give you the data directly so that you do not need to collect it.

As you work on the research project, you will use most of the concepts taught in class, so it will be very easy to review for the final exam.

More on course workload

Digital Marketing Usefulness

Workload

TODO List

If you decide to take this course, here is what you should do after today's class (Important!):

Form groups with your classmates. Think about the project you are going to work on.

Individual task: Install R on your laptop. We will be using it in the next class.

Group Formation

Each group consists of at most 6 students (and at least 1).

You need to choose a name for your group, e.g., "Marketers", "Fantastic", "A Plus"...

Email the TA (April; aprilsiu@hku.hk) your group information (group name, your own names and HKU ID) before Sep 12 (Class 1A) or Sep 23 (Class 1B).

Let the TA know if you cannot find a group.

Let's <u>Download</u> and install R.

Your installation path must NOT contain any non-English characters. Otherwise, you will have troubles using it.

安装路徑必須為純英文,否則運行可能出錯。



Next, let's download <u>R-Studio</u>. It is also free.

Your installation path must NOT contain any non-English characters. Otherwise, you will have troubles using it.

安装路徑必須為純英文,否則運行可能出錯。

